

SAFETY DATA SHEETS

FLEKKRETE FLEX PRIME PART A

SECTION 1: PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME: Flex Prime Part A
MANUFACTURER: Incredible Products LLC.
ADDRESS: 1221 Stewart Rd. Lima, OH 45801
INFORMATION PHONE: 567-297-3700
EMERGENCY PHONE: 800-424-9300
REVISION DATE: April 23, 2026

SECTION 2: HAZARDOUS IDENTIFICATION

Classification:
Skin Irritation- N/A
Eye Irritation- N/A
Respiratory Sensitizer (Solid/Liquid)- N/A
Skin Sensitizer- N/A
Carcinogenicity- N/A

Hazardous Statements - Health:

Risk of serious damage to respiratory system. May cause sensitization by inhalation and skin contact. Repeated inhalation of aerosol at levels above the occupational exposure limit could cause respiratory sensitization. The onset of the respiratory symptoms may be delayed for several hours after exposure. A hyperreactive response to even minimal concentrations of MDI may develop in sensitized persons.

H319 - May cause eye irritation

H315 - May cause skin irritation

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction

H335 - May be harmful if inhaled

Precautionary Statements - General:

P101 - If medical advice is needed, have a product container or label at hand.

P102 - Keep out of reach of children.

P103 - Read label before use.

Precautionary Statements - Prevention:

P210 - Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces.

P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P261 - Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

P284 - <In case of inadequate ventilation> wear respiratory protection.

P272 - Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Precautionary Statements - Response:

P332 + P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P342 + P311 - If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or a rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P321 - Specific treatment (see section 4 on this SDS).

P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing. And wash it before reuse.

P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Precautionary Statements - Storage:

P405 - Store locked up.

Precautionary Statements - Disposal:

P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/ INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

HAZARDOUS INGREDIENT (S)	% (w/w)	ACGIH TLV
Polymeric Diphenylmethane	80-100	Not Listed
Contains; 4,4' Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate (4,4' MDI)		0.005 ppm
MDI isomers/oligomers Not Listed Modified Polymeric MDI	1-10	Not Listed

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation:

Remove the patient from exposure, keep warm and at rest. Obtain medical attention. Treatment is symptomatic for primary irritation or bronchospasm. If breathing is labored, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Apply artificial respiration if breathing has ceased or shows signs of failing.

Skin Contact:

Take off contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods (e.g. watchbands, belts). Gently blot or brush away excess product. Wash with plenty of lukewarm, gently flowing water for a duration of 15-20 minutes. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use or discard. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Eye Contact:

Remove sources of exposure or move the person to fresh air. Rinse eyes cautiously with lukewarm, gently flowing water for several minutes, while holding the eyelids open. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for a duration of 15-20 minutes. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto the face. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Avoid direct contact. Wear chemical protective gloves, if necessary.

Ingestion:

Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs naturally, lie on your side, in the recovery position. Give 1 or 2 glasses of milk or water to drink and refer the person to medical personnel. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Symptomatic and supportive therapy may be needed following severe exposure. In such cases, medical follow-up should be maintained for at least 48 hours

SECTION 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media:

Carbon dioxide, dry chemical, or appropriate foam. If water is used, very large quantities are required. Reaction between water and hot isocyanate may be vigorous. Contain run-off water with temporary barriers.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media:

N/A

Specific Hazards in Case of Fire:

Containers may burst under intense heat. Due to reaction with water, a hazardous build-up of pressure could result if contaminated containers are re-sealed.

Fire-fighting Procedures:

Isolate the immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Move undamaged containers from the immediate hazard area if it can be done safely. Water spray may be useful in minimizing or dispersing vapors and to protect personnel. Water may be ineffective but can be used to cool containers exposed to heat or flame. Caution should be exercised when using water or foam as frothing may occur, especially if sprayed into containers of hot, burning liquid. Dispose of fire debris and contaminated extinguishing water in accordance with official regulations.

Special Protective Actions:

Wear NIOSH approved self-contained breathing apparatus in positive pressure mode with full-face piece. Boots, gloves (neoprene), goggles, and full protective clothing are also required. Care should always be exercised in dust/mist areas.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Emergency Procedure:

Keep unnecessary people away; isolate the hazard area and deny entry. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Clean up immediately. Contain and absorb large spillages onto an inert, nonflammable absorbent carrier (such as earth or sand). Shovel into open-top drums or plastic bags for further decontamination, if necessary. Wash the spillage area clean with liquid decontaminant. Test atmosphere for MDI vapor. Neutralize small spillages with decontaminant. Remove and dispose of residues. Notify applicable government authorities if release is reportable.

Preparation of Decontamination Solution: Prepare a decontamination solution of 0.2-0.5% liquid detergent and 38% concentrated ammonium hydroxide in water (5-10% sodium carbonate may be substituted for the ammonium hydroxide). Follow the precautions on the supplier's material safety data sheets when preparing and using solutions. Use of Decontamination Solution: Allow deactivated material to stand for at least 30 minutes before shoveling into drums. Do not tighten the bungs. Mixing with wet earth is also effective, but slower

Personal Precautions:

Avoid breathing vapors. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled materials unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.

Environmental Precautions:

Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Prevent spilled material from entering sewers, storm drains, other unauthorized drainage systems and natural waterways by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

General:

Wash hands after use.

Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing.

Do not breathe vapors or mists.

Use good personal hygiene practices.

Eating, drinking and smoking in work areas is prohibited.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

Individuals with existing respiratory disease such as chronic bronchitis, emphysema, or asthma should not be exposed to isocyanates.

Ventilation Requirements:

Use only with adequate ventilation to control air contaminants to their exposure limits. The use of local ventilation is recommended to control emissions near the source. Air circulation and exhaustion of isocyanate vapors must be maintained until the coatings have fully cured to ensure that no potential health hazard remains. Exposure to vapors of heated isocyanates can be extremely dangerous.

Storage Room Requirements:

Keep containers properly sealed and when stored indoors, in a well ventilated area. Keep contents away from moisture. Due to reaction with water, producing CO₂-gas, a hazardous build-up of pressure could result if contaminated containers are re-sealed. Do not store in containers made of copper, copper alloys or galvanized surfaces. If a container is contaminated, do not reseal it. Reseal containers only after placing them under a nitrogen blanket.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Medical supervision of all employees who handle or come in contact with respiratory sensitizers is recommended. Persons with asthmatic-type conditions, chronic bronchitis, other chronic respiratory diseases or recurrent skin eczema or sensitization should be excluded from working with this product. Once a person is diagnosed as sensitized, no further exposure to any sensitizer should be permitted.

HAZARDOUS INGREDIENT(S):

4,4'-Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate:

ACGIH TLV 0.005 ppm (8 hour, 40 hour/week)

OSHA PEL CEILING 0/02 ppm NIOSH TLV 0.005 ppm (10- hour, 40 hour/week)

NIOSH STEL 0.02 ppm (15 minute)

NOTE: The Occupational Exposure Limits listed for isocyanates do not apply to previously sensitized persons.

Eye Protection:

Wear eye protection with side shields or goggles. Wear indirect-vent, impact and splash resistant goggles when working with liquids. If additional protection is needed for the entire face, use it in combination with a face shield.

Skin Protection:

Use of gloves approved to relevant standards made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection: PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, glove thickness, and dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Use of an apron and over-boots of chemically impervious materials such as neoprene or nitrile rubber is recommended to avoid skin sensitization. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace. Launder soiled clothes or properly disposed of contaminated material, which cannot be decontaminated.

Respiratory Protection:

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect workers, a respiratory protection program that meets or is equivalent to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 should be followed. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. When airborne concentrations exceed or are expected to exceed the TLV, use MSHA/NIOSH approved positive pressure supplied air respirator with a full-face piece or an air supplied hood. For emergencies, use a positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus. Air purifying (cartridge type) respirators are not approved for protection against isocyanates.

Appropriate Engineering Controls:

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

VAPOR PRESSURE: (MM HG AT 25°C)-. <0.0003

FLASH POINT: 397°F (208.8°C) (CC)

ODOR THRESHOLD (PPM): 0.4 (4,4'-DIPHENYLMETHANE DIISOCYANATE)

VAPOR DENSITY: (AIR=L): 8.5 APPROX

SOLUBILITY IN H2O: REACTS WITH WATER

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability:

This product is stable at room temperature

Conditions to Avoid:

Avoid high temperatures. Avoid freezing

Hazardous Reactions/Polymerization:

Polymerization may occur at elevated temperatures in the presence of alkalies, tertiary amines and metal compounds.

Incompatible Materials:

This product will react with any materials containing active hydrogens such as water, alcohol, amines, bases and acids. The reaction with water is very slow under (122°F (50°C)), but is accelerated at higher temperatures

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Polymeric MDI:

Oral LD50 (rat) >5,000mg/kg

Dermal LD50 (rabbit) >5,000 rmg/kg

Inhalation LD50 (rat) - 490 mg/m³/4H (respirable aerosol)

Inhalation: This product is a respiratory irritant and potential respiratory sensitizer. Repeated inhalation of vapor or aerosol at levels above the occupational exposure limit could cause respiratory sensitization. Symptoms may include irritation to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs, possibly combined with dryness of the throat, tightness of chest and difficulty in breathing. The onset of the respiratory symptoms may be delayed for several hours after exposure. A hyper-reactive response to even minimal concentrations of MDI may develop in sensitized persons.

Skin Contact: Moderate Irritant. Repeated and/or prolonged contact may cause skin sensitization. Animal studies have shown that respiratory sensitization can be induced by skin contact with known respiratory sensitizers, including diisocyanates. These results emphasize the need for protective clothing including gloves to be worn at all times when handling these chemicals or in maintenance work.

Eye Contact: The aerosol, vapor or liquid will irritate human eyes following contact.

Ingestion: Ingestion may cause irritation of the gastrointestinal tract. Based on the oral LD50, this product is considered practically non-toxic by ingestion.

Chronic Effects: A study where groups of rats were exposed for 6 hours/day, 5 days/week for a lifetime to atmospheres of respirable polymeric MDI aerosol. Overall, the tumor incidence, both benign and malignant, and the number of animals with tumors were not different from controls. Only at the top level (6 mg/m³ and no effects at 0.2 mg/m³. The increased incidence of lung tumors is associated with prolonged respiratory irritation and the concurrent accumulation of yellow material in the lung, which occurred throughout the study. In the absence of prolonged exposure to high concentrations leading to chronic irritation and lung damage, it is highly unlikely that tumor formation will occur.

There are reports that chronic exposure may result in permanent decrease in lung function.

Reproductive Effects: No adverse reproductive effects are anticipated.

Teratogenicity and Fetotoxicity: No information is available and no adverse teratogenic/embryotoxic effects are anticipated..

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Environmental Fate and Distribution: It is unlikely that significant environmental exposure in the air or water will arise, based on consideration of the production and use of the substance.

Persistence and Degradation: Immiscible with water, but will react with water to produce inert and non-biodegradable solids.

Toxicity: Polymeric MDI.

LCO (Zebra Fish) > 1000 mg/l

EC50 (Daphnia magna) 24 hour > 1000 mg/l

EC50 (E. Coli) > 1000 mg/l

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal:

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal should be in accordance with local, state, provincial or national regulations. This material is not a hazardous waste under RCRA 40 CFR 261. Small quantities should be treated with decontaminant solution (See Section 6). The treated waste is not hazardous material under RCRA 40 CFR 261. Chemical waste, even small quantities, should never be poured down drains, sewers or waterways. Empty containers should be decontaminated and either passed to an approved drum recycler or destroyed.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

DOT: Not regulated.

Transportation Emergency Telephone Number—800-424-9300 (CHEMTREC).

TDG: Not Regulated.

IMO: Not Regulated.

IATA/CAO Class: Not Regulated.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

Health: Highly toxic Respiratory sensitizer. Skin sensitizer. Irritant.

Target Organ: Respiratory tract. Skin.

TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) Regulations: All ingredients are on the TSCA chemical substance Inventory.

SARA Regulations Sections 313 and 40 CFR 372: This product contains the following toxic chemical subject to reporting requirements < 45% 4,4-Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate (CAS 101-68-6). This product does not contain nor is it manufactured with ozone depleting substances.

Other Regulations/Legislation which apply to this product: Massachusetts Right-to-know, Pennsylvania right-to-know, New Jersey right-to-know, CERCLA.

CANADIAN CLASSIFICATION: This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR (Controlled Products Regulations), and this MSDS (Material Safety Data Sheet) contains all the information required by the CPR. Controlled Products Regulations (WHMIS) Classification: D-1A: Very Toxic (acute effects). D-2A: Very toxic, D-2B: Toxic CEPA/Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL): The substances in this product are on the Canadian Domestic Substances List (CEPA DSL)

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

DISCLAIMER

The information contained herein is based on the data available and is believed to be accurate, however, the manufacturer makes no warranty expressed or implied regarding the accuracy of this data or the results obtained from the use thereof. Accordingly, we assume no responsibility for injury from the use of this product